

Decimals – Outcomes

- Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division in \mathbb{Q} using number lines and decomposition.
- Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division in \mathbb{Q} .
- Convert between fractions and decimals.
- Present numerical answers to a specified degree of accuracy (e.g. to two decimal places or three significant figures).

Represent Q Using Decomposition

- Most ancient cultures used different symbols for different-sized numbers.
- e.g. Romans used “I” to represent 1, “V” to represent 5, “X” to represent 10.
- e.g. Babylonians used “I” to represent 1 and “X” to represent 10.
- Combinations of these would give each other number.
- e.g. Romans would write 23 as “XXIII”
- e.g. Babylonians would write 23 as “XXIII”

Represent \mathbb{Q} Using Decomposition

- ▶ Today, we use the **decimal system**.
- ▶ There are ten symbols: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.
- ▶ Each symbol has a different value depending on where it is in the number:
- ▶ e.g. 297.5 means:
 - ▶ 2 hundreds
 - ▶ 9 tens
 - ▶ 7 units
 - ▶ 5 tenths
- ▶ We can **decompose** it by writing as the sum of these:
- ▶ $200 + 90 + 7 + \frac{5}{10}$

Represent \mathbb{Q} Using Decomposition

► Decompose each of the following:

a) 3.3

b) 6.5

c) 1111

d) 21.7

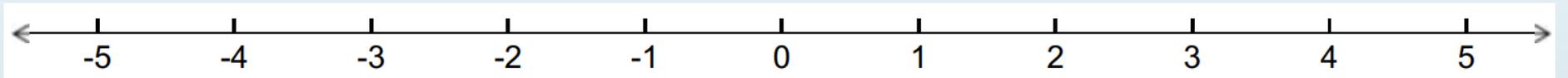
e) 208.36

f) 1 000 001

g) 8765.4321

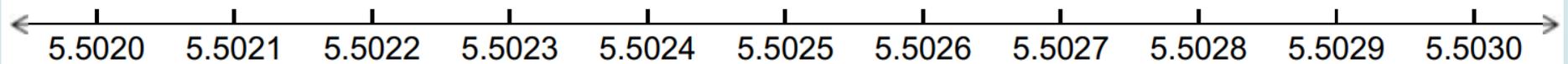
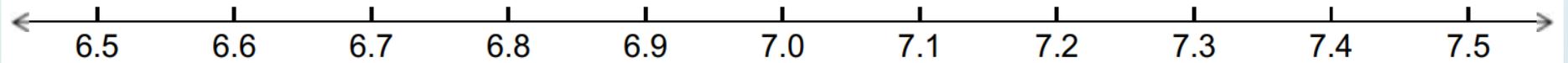
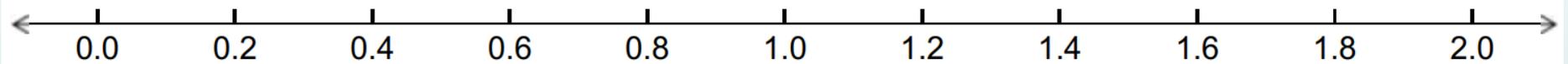
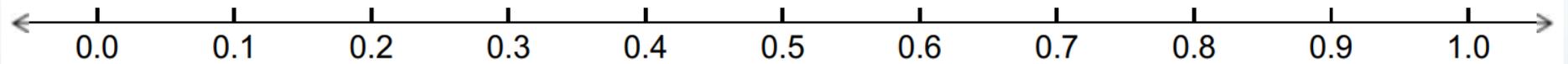
Represent \mathbb{Q} on Number Lines

- ▶ Recall number lines:
 - ▶ Whole numbers equally spaced.
 - ▶ Arrows at both ends.
 - ▶ Positive numbers to the right, getting greater.
 - ▶ Negative numbers to the left, getting lesser.



Represent \mathbb{Q} on Number Lines

- ▶ A number line can be broken down further to show decimals between numbers:



Represent \mathbb{Q} on Number Lines

- ▶ Draw a suitable number line which shows each of the following numbers and at least three numbers on each side of it:
 - 3.3
 - 6.5
 - 1111
 - 21.7
 - 208.36
 - 1 000 001
 - 8765.4321

Perform Arithmetic in \mathbb{Q}

- Adding, subtracting, multiplying, and dividing decimals works the same way as for integers – we just need to keep the location of the decimal point in mind.
- To add or subtract, line up the numbers so their place values match.

➤ e.g. $5.3 + 7.28$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5.30 \\ + 7.28 \\ \hline 12.58 \end{array}$$

e.g. $12.85 - 5.2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12.85 \\ - 5.20 \\ \hline 7.65 \end{array}$$

You may have to add zeroes to the start or end of a decimal so their place values match

Perform Arithmetic in \mathbb{Q}

- To multiply, your answer has as many decimal places as the total number of decimal places in your multipliers.

► e.g. 5.3×7.2

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5.3 \\
 \times 7.2 \\
 \hline
 6 \\
 100 \\
 210 \\
 3500 \\
 \hline
 38.16
 \end{array}$$

e.g. 3.85×2.4

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3.85 \\
 \times 2.4 \\
 \hline
 20 \\
 320 \\
 1200 \\
 100 \\
 1600 \\
 6000 \\
 \hline
 9.240
 \end{array}$$

There is no need to add zeroes when multiplying, but you can if you like.

Perform Arithmetic in \mathbb{Q}

- ▶ To divide, your answer has as many decimal places as the difference between the decimal places in your dividers.

- ▶ e.g. $6 \div 1.2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 05 \\ 1.2 \overline{) 6.0} \\ \underline{- 0} \\ 60 \end{array}$$

- ▶ e.g. $1.7 \div 0.2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 08.5 \\ 0.2 \overline{) 1.70} \\ \underline{- 0} \\ 17 \\ \underline{- 16} \\ 10 \end{array}$$

Perform Arithmetic in \mathbb{Q}

► Calculate each of the following:

a) $4.9 + 1.7$

b) $7.2 + 7.6$

c) $9.47 + 6.48$

d) $1.16 + 8.93$

e) $31.63 + 42.87$

f) $8.5 - 6.4$

g) $6.3 - 5.8$

h) $9.43 - 5.41$

i) $6.58 - 5.65$

j) $41.72 - 25.83$

k) 5.9×5.8

l) 6.5×8.5

m) 6.96×1.14

n) 6.62×3.73

o) 23.37×70.77

p) $4.2 \div 2.1$

q) $9.1 \div 1.3$

r) $42.6 \div 7.1$

s) $6.82 \div 6.2$

t) $7.344 \div 6.12$

Convert from Fractions to Decimals

► Since fractions represent division, it is straightforward to convert from fractions to decimals by dividing.

► e.g. $\frac{2}{8} = 2 \div 8 = 0.25$

► Convert each of the following fractions to decimals:

a) $\frac{6}{5}$

b) $\frac{9}{12}$

c) $\frac{32}{20}$

d) $\frac{19}{25}$

e) $\frac{13}{10}$

f) $\frac{16}{5}$

g) $\frac{7}{2}$

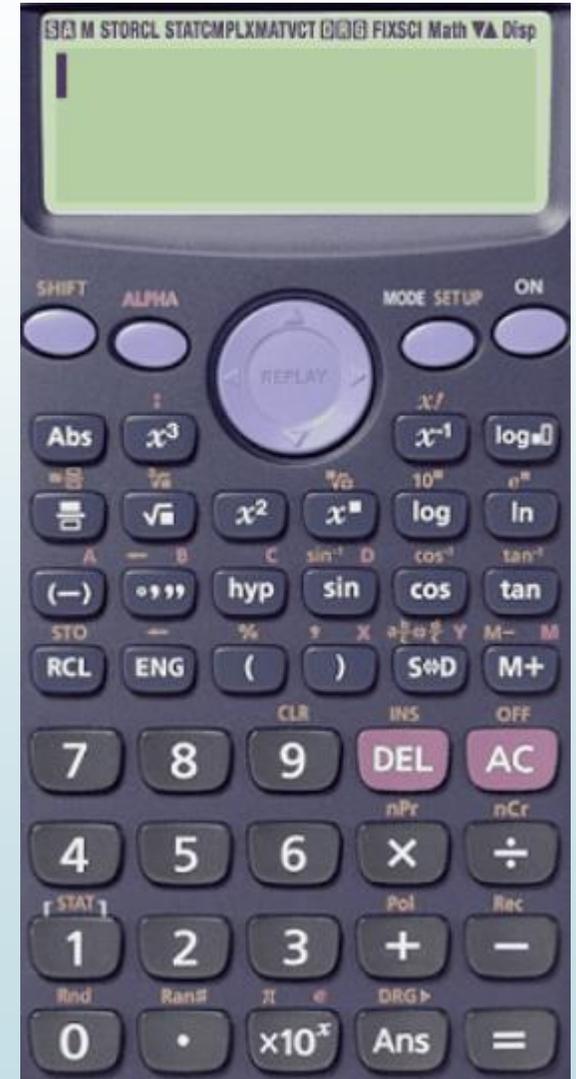
h) $\frac{983}{100}$

i) $\frac{110}{25}$

j) $\frac{463}{50}$

Convert from Fractions to Decimals

- ▶ Your calculator can do this conversion for you.
1. Type the fraction in as usual or using the division sign.
 2. Press the “=” button.
 3. Press the “S \leftrightarrow D” button.



Convert from Decimals to Fractions

► As decimal places represent fractions of powers of ten, we can write a simple fraction with the largest necessary power of ten, then simplify if required.

► e.g. $5.34 = \frac{534}{100} = \frac{267}{50}$

► Convert each of the following decimals to fractions:

a) 0.9

f) 0.44

b) 0.83

g) 5.25

c) 5.06

h) 10.55

d) 6.78

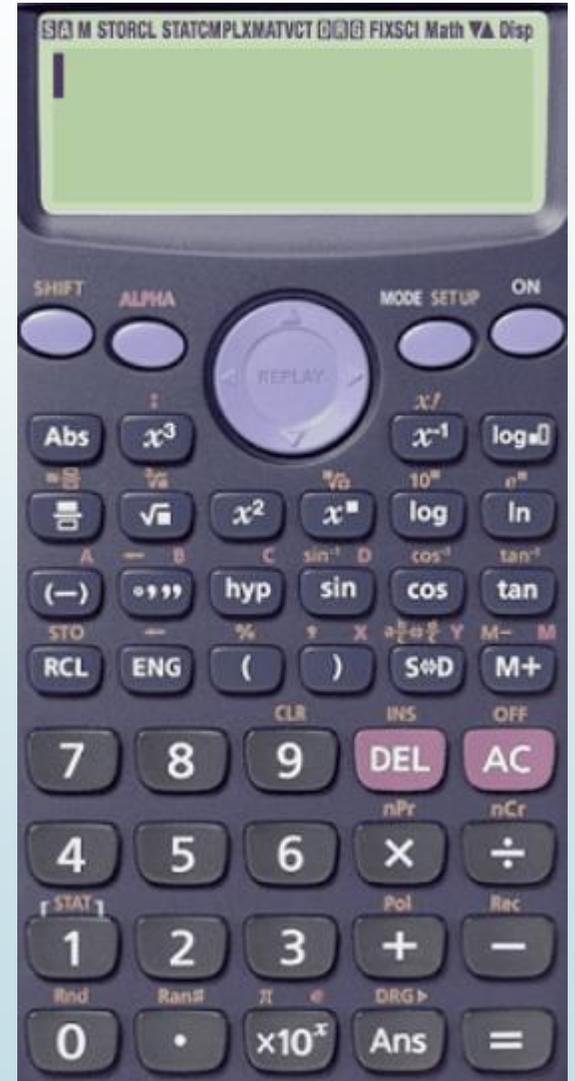
i) 6.02

e) 0.48

j) 7.8

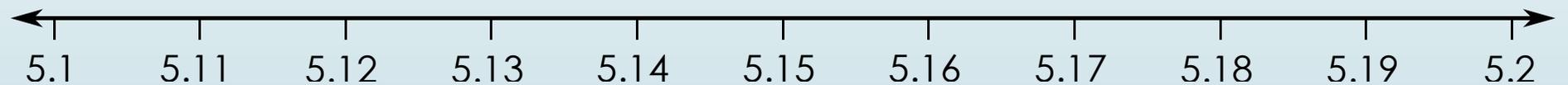
Convert from Decimals to Fractions

- ▶ Your calculator can do this conversion for you.
1. Type the decimal in to your calculator as normal.
 2. Press the “=” button.
 3. Press the “S \leftrightarrow D” button if necessary.



Round a Number

- **Rounding** a number is when you approximate a number to one with fewer digits.
- Rounding is a decision about what is the closest approximation you can make.
- e.g. copy the number line below and plot 5.135 as accurately as you can.



- Is 5.135 closer to 5.1 or closer to 5.2 on the number line?

Round a Number

- ▶ You may be asked to round to a particular place value (e.g. to nearest hundred or to two decimal places) or to a number of significant figures.
- ▶ Decimal places start counting from the tenths position.
- ▶ Significant figures start counting from the first non-zero digit.

d.p. = decimal
place
s.f. = significant
figure

first s.f.
↓
1234.56789
↑
first d.p.

first s.f.
↓
0.0004567
↑
first d.p.

Round a Number

- Significant figures stop counting at the last non-zero digit if it is before the decimal point or the last digit if it is after the decimal point.

last s.f.



12300

last s.f.



1.2300

Round a Number

- ▶ To round without a number line, look at the digit **after** the rounding digit.
- ▶ If it is between 0 and 4, round left / down.
- ▶ If it is between 5 and 9, round right / up.

- ▶ e.g. round 5.135 to one decimal place.
- ▶ Look at the **second** decimal place: 5.1**3**5
- ▶ It is between 0 and 4, so we round left / down: 5.1

Round a Number

- ▶ e.g. round 51350 to the nearest hundred.
- ▶ Look at the **tens** place: 513**5**0
- ▶ It is between 5 and 9, so round right / up: 51400

- ▶ e.g. round 123.456 to four significant figures.
- ▶ Look at the **fifth** significant figure: 123.4**5**6
- ▶ It is between 5 and 9, so round right / up: 123.5

Round a Number

► Round each of the following to the specified accuracy:

- a) 62 to the nearest ten.
- b) 671 101 to the nearest hundred thousand.
- c) 9 289 459 to the nearest hundred.
- d) 1.174 to two decimal places.
- e) 1.083 to one decimal place.
- f) 1.2837 to three decimal places.
- g) 89 768 to three significant figures.
- h) 6 438.846 to four significant figures.
- i) 396 to two significant figures.